### Risk Assessment for RAPEX

#### General Information

#### **Product**

Product name: Smoke alarm devices
Product category: Smoke alarm devices

Description: This is a PROSAFE risk assessment template for smoke

alarm devises. It describes likely injury scenarios linked

to non-conformity with the following clauses of

EN14604:2005:

§4.19.1 Marking - scenario 1 §5.2 Repeatability - scenario 2

§5.3 Directional dependence - scenario 2

§5.4 Initial sensitivity - scenario 2 §5.15 Fire sensitivity - scenario 2

§5.16 Battery fault warning - scenario 3

§5.17 Sound output - scenario 4

#### How to use

Users of the template should select the scenario(s) corresponding to the non-conformities identified for the product under assessment. All other scenarios can then be deleted. The probabilities are estimated in the remaining scenarios.

The scenarios presented in the template are likely scenarios. Users should ensure that the scenarios are suitable, that the steps are correct and that the injury level is appropriate.

#### Disclaimer

The template has been developed by a PROSAFE working group composed of market surveillance experts. The intention is to support market surveillance officials assessing the risk with a particular product as part of a market surveillance case.

The template is not authorized or endorsed in any way and it is not binding for Member State market

surveillance authorities.

The contents of the original template is subject to

change without notice.

#### Risk assessor

First name: PROSAFE Risk Assessment Template

Last name:

Organisation: PROSAFE

Address: PROSAFE Secretariat

Avenue des Arts/Kunstlaan 41, 2nd floor

B-1040 Brussels.

Belgium

Tel: +32 2 8080 996/997 E-mail: info@prosafe.org

#### Product risks - Overview

Scenario 1: **Risk to be determined** - The smoke alarm device does not give appropriate instructions for installation so the user installs it in a place where it can't detect smoke soon enough. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales smoke. The user dies from smoke poisoning.

Scenario 2: **Risk to be determined -** A user has installed a smoke alarm that is too insensitive. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke poisoning.

Scenario 3: **Risk to be determined** - A user has installed a smoke alarm where the battery fault warning doesn't work. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales smoke. The user dies from smoke poisoning.

Scenario 4: Risk to be determined - A user has installed a smoke alarm that provides an inadequate sound level. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm detects the smoke, but the alarm doesn't wake the user. The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke poisoning.

Overall risk: Risk to be determined

## Scenario 1: Other consumers - Insufficient warning texts and symbols

#### Product hazard

Hazard Group: Product operating hazards

Hazard Type: Insufficient warning texts and symbols

#### Consumer

Consumer Type: Other consumers - Consumers other than vulnerable or

very vulnerable consumers

#### How the hazard causes an injury to the consumer

Injury scenario: The smoke alarm device does not give appropriate

instructions for installation so the user installs it in a place where it can't detect smoke soon enough. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales

smoke. The user dies from smoke poisoning.

#### Severity of Injury

Injury: Poisoning from substances (ingestion, inhalation, dermal)

Level: 4 Irreversible damage to nerve system

Fatality

#### Probability of the steps to injury

Step(s) to Injury Probability

Step 1: The smoke alarm device does not give appropriate 1

instructions for installation so the user installs it in a

place where it can't detect smoke soon enough.

Step 2: A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the 1

user is asleep.

Step 3: The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke.

Step 4: The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke

poisoning. (Other injury types and levels are possible.)

<u>Calculated probability:</u> To be determined

Overall probability: To be determined

Risk of this scenario: Risk to be determined

### Scenario 2: Other consumers - Operational inadequacy

#### Product hazard

Hazard Group: Product operating hazards
Hazard Type: Operational inadequacy

#### Consumer

Consumer Type: Other consumers - Consumers other than vulnerable or

very vulnerable consumers

#### How the hazard causes an injury to the consumer

Injury scenario: A user has installed a smoke alarm that is too insensitive.

A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke poisoning.

#### Severity of Injury

Injury: Poisoning from substances (ingestion, inhalation, dermal)

Level: 4 Irreversible damage to nerve system

Fatality

#### Probability of the steps to injury

Step(s) to Injury Probability

Step 1: A user has installed a smoke alarm that is too 1

insensitive.

Step 2: A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the

user is asleep.

Step 3: The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. (The

probability depends upon the actual level of

insensitivity that was found in the laboratory test.)

Step 4: The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke

poisoning. (Other injury types and levels are possible.)

Calculated probability:To be determinedOverall probability:To be determined

Risk of this scenario: Risk to be determined

### Scenario 3: Other consumers - Operational inadequacy

#### Product hazard

Hazard Group: Product operating hazards
Hazard Type: Operational inadequacy

#### Consumer

Consumer Type: Other consumers - Consumers other than vulnerable or

very vulnerable consumers

#### How the hazard causes an injury to the consumer

Injury scenario: A user has installed a smoke alarm where the battery fault

warning doesn't work. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke. The user inhales smoke. The user

dies from smoke poisoning.

#### Severity of Injury

Injury: Poisoning from substances (ingestion, inhalation, dermal)

Level: 4 Irreversible damage to nerve system

Fatality

#### Probability of the steps to injury

Step(s) to Injury Probability

Step 1: A user has installed a smoke alarm where the battery 1

fault warning doesn't work.

Step 2: A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the

user is asleep.

Step 3: The smoke alarm does not detect the smoke because the battery is out. (The probability depends upon the nature of the non-compliance, e.g. will the alarm give warnings

other than audible, is the warning completely absent or

does it warn at too low battery voltages, etc.)

Step 4: The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke poisoning.

(Other injury types and levels are possible.)

<u>Calculated probability:</u> <u>To be determined</u>

Overall probability: To be determined

Risk of this scenario:

Risk to be determined

# Scenario 4: Other consumers - Insufficient warning signals

#### Product hazard

Hazard Group: Product operating hazards
Hazard Type: Insufficient warning signals

#### Consumer

Consumer Type: Other consumers - Consumers other than vulnerable or

very vulnerable consumers

#### How the hazard causes an injury to the consumer

Injury scenario: A user has installed a smoke alarm that provides an

inadequate sound level. A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the user is asleep. The smoke alarm detects the smoke, but the alarm doesn't wake the user. The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke poisoning.

#### Severity of Injury

Injury: Poisoning from substances (ingestion, inhalation, dermal)

Level: 4 Irreversible damage to nerve system

Fatality

#### Probability of the steps to injury

Step(s) to Injury Probability

Step 1: A user has installed a smoke alarm that provides an 1

inadequate sound level.

Step 2: A glowing fire producing smoke breaks out while the 1

user is asleep.

Step 3: The smoke alarm detects the smoke, but the alarm

doesn't wake the user.

Step 4: The user inhales smoke and dies from smoke

poisoning. (Other injury types and levels are possible.)

Calculated probability:

To be determined

To be determined

Risk of this scenario: Risk to be determined